

ACCESSION NR: AP4043320

S/0191/64/000/008/0016/0018

AUTHOR: Galashina, M. L.; Sobolevskiy, M. V.; Levina, D. Z.;  
Alekseyeva, T. P.TITLE: Synthesis of polyorganosiloxanes containing phosphorus and  
sulfur

SOURCE: Plasticheskiye massy\*, no. 8, 1964, 16-18

TOPIC TAGS: polysiloxane, phosphorus containing polysiloxane,  
sulfur containing polysiloxane

ABSTRACT: A study has demonstrated the feasibility of preparing α, ω-bis(diethylthiophosphatomethyl)polyalkylarylsiloxanes (I) by reacting α, ω-bis(chloromethyl)polyalkylarylsiloxanes (II) with a potassium or ammonium dialkyl thiophosphate. It was found that the reaction proceeds in an inert solvent such as toluene or xylene with refluxing for 5–8 hr. After a low-molecular-weight fraction is stripped to 125°C (1 mm Hg), the residue, which has a molecular weight of 800–1000, contains in addition to I, some cyclic poly-alkylarylsiloxane. The compound II used in this experiment was

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a,  $\omega$ -bis(chloromethyl)polymethylphenylsiloxane. Compound II was prepared by hydrolysis of the alkylaryldichlorosilane with (chloromethyl)dimethylechlorosilane in the presence of an alkali. Orig. art. has: 1 formula and 1 table.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 00

ATD PRESS: 3079

ENCL: 00

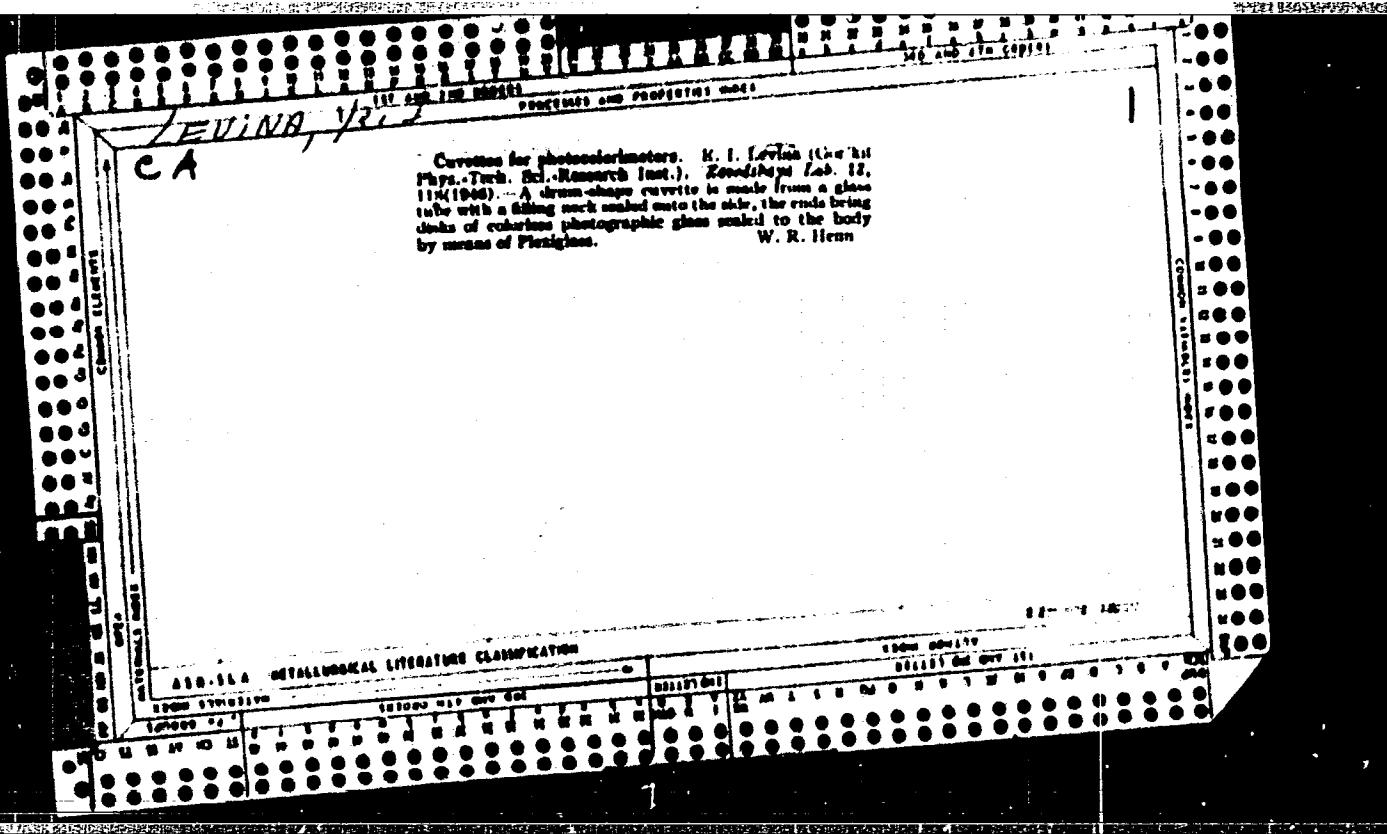
SUB CODE: IC, OC

NO REF Sov: 003

OTHER: 000

Card

2/2



LEVINA, E. I.  
USSR/Chemistry

Card : 1/1

Authors : Korenman, I. M., and Levina, E. I.

Title : Specific grouping of atoms in reagents used for the determination of tungstates

Periodical : Zhur. Anal. Khim., 9, Ed. 3, 170 - 174, May-June 1954

Abstract : The specific atom grouping in organic reagents, used for the determination of tungstates, was determined experimentally. The participation of carbon atoms, included in the composition of aliphatic and cyclic compounds, in the formation of the specific atom grouping, is explained. The chemism of reaction of various organic compounds, containing a specific atom grouping, is described. Twenty three USSR references (since 1905). Tables.

Institution : State University, Gorky

Submitted : May 10, 1953

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

**CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8**

USSR:

Specific grouping of atoms by reagent for tungstates. I.  
M. Kornman and E. J. Levitt, *Bull. Chem. Soc. Amer.*, 39, 1879 (1953).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

126-3-16/34

*Ye.*

AUTHORS: Gudkova, N. V., Levina, E.I. and Tolomasov, V.A.

TITLE: Investigation of the carbide phases of tempered carbon steel.  
(Issledovaniye karbidnykh faz otpushchennoy uglerodistoy stali).

PERIODICAL: "Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye" (Physics of Metals and Metallurgy), 1957, Vol.4, No.3, pp. 500-504 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: Existing views on the nature and composition of carbide phases which evolve during tempering of carbon steel are contradictory. In this paper the carbide phases were investigated of tempered carbon steel, containing 1.15% carbon, by means of electron diffraction, chemical and magnetic methods. After hardening from 1100 C the specimens were tempered for one hour at 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 500 and 650 C. Flat specimens were used. The objects of the electron diffraction and chemical investigations were the carbide precipitates produced by anodic dissolution in accordance with the method described by Popova, N.M. (2). The results are entered in tables and some of these are compared with the results of Jack, K.H. (9 and 11), Hofer et alii (10), Hagg (12) and Arbuzov, M.P. and Kurdyumov, G.V. (8). It was found that in the tempered carbon steel Y12 the following two intermediate carbide phases exist: low

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126-3-16/34

Investigation of the carbide phases of tempered carbon steel.  
(Cont.)

temperature hexagonal phase with a Curie point of 380 C and lattice periods of  $a = 6.27$ ,  $c = 21.4 \text{ \AA}$ ; high temperature rhombic phase with a Curie point of 270 C and lattice periods  $a = 3.82$ ,  $b = 4.72$  and  $c = 12.5 \text{ \AA}$  and cementite. The chemical composition of the intermediate carbide phases differ from the cementite phase. With increasing degree of dispersion the carbide phases can be classified into the following series: cementite, rhombic, hexagonal. Crystals of the hexagonal and rhombic phases have a lamellar shape. Acknowledgments are made to B. A. Apayev, Z. G. Pinsker and S. V. Kaverin for their advice and assistance.

Card 2/2 There are 3 tables and 12 references, 8 of which are Slavic.

SUBMITTED: January 9, 1957.

ASSOCIATION: Gorky Physico-Technical Research Institute.  
(Gor'kovskiy Issledovatel'skiy Fiziko-Tekhnicheskiy Institut).

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

LEVINA, E. I.

126-1-33/40

AUTHORS: Gudkova, N. V., Levina, E. I. and Tolomasov, V. A.  
TITLE: Supplement to the paper "Investigation of the carbide  
phases of tempered low carbon steel".  
(Dopolneniye k stat'ye "Issledovaniye karbidnykh faz  
otpushchennoy uglerodistoy stali")

PERIODICAL: Fizika Metallov i Metallovedeniye, 1957, Vol.5, No.1,  
pp. 178-179 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: As a supplement to an earlier paper published in the  
same journal, 1957, Vol.IV, No.3, pp.500-504, a series  
of  $I_s(T)$  curves and electron diffraction pictures are  
given of electrolytic precipitates for the steel Y12  
tempered during one hour at various temperatures.  
There are 7 figures and 1 Slavic reference.

(Note: This is a full translation except for the figure  
captions).

SUBMITTED: January 21, 1957.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 1/1

*LEVINA, E.I.*

82640

187100

S/126/60/010/02/010/020

E111/E352

AUTHORS: Apayev, B.A., Levina, E.I., Krasotskaya, S.N. and  
Pavel'yeva, A.I.

TITLE: Solubility of Alloying Elements in Cementite

PERIODICAL: Fizika metallov i metallovedeniye, 1960, Vol. 10.  
No. 2, pp. 245 - 250

TEXT: In this work the solubility of tungsten, vanadium, chromium and manganese in the first portions of cementite produced on tempering of hardened steel was examined. The increase in their solubility with increasing tempering temperature was also studied. Published data (Refs. 10, 11) show that the solubility of alloying elements is considerably less than their contents in steel (Table 1). The present work was carried out with the following steels, all containing 1% C: 10Kh6 (0.6% Cr); 10Kh40 (4% Cr); 10G12 (1.2% Mn); 10F6 (0.6% V); 10F12 (1.2% V); 10V6 (0.6% W) and 10V20 (2% W). Chromium and manganese steels were hardened from 1150, the others from 1280 °C. Tempering was effected at 250-650 °C, specimens tempered at 450 °C being used for chemical investigation (with electrosolution by N.M. Popova's method, (Ref. 10), applying a

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E111/E352

**Solubility of Alloying Elements in Cementite**

a check). One of the authors (Krasotskaya - Ref 15) has shown that in molybdenum, tungsten and vanadium steels cementite is first formed at 100°C and that after 10 hours at 250°C martensite decomposition is practically completed. For this group of steels chemical analysis was carried out only on electrolytic residues of the tungsten and vanadium steels tempered at 250 and 450°C for 10 hours (Table 3 shows the alloying-element content as percentage of steel sample weight). For 10Kh6, 10G12 and 10Kh40 steels the Curie point (Curves 1, 2, 3, respectively) and the alloying element content of the residue (Curves 3, 4, 6, respectively) are plotted against tempering temperatures. The results of this work contradict the ideas of some authors (Refs. 1-5), as shown in Table 4, where chromium contents of steel and residue are shown for a series of chromium steels. Whatever the alloying element, its initial solubility in cementite is far below its content in the steel; the way in which solubility changes with tempering temperature does depend on the nature of the alloying element. The solubility of the alloying elements in cementite governs their distribution (and that of carbon) between the alpha and carbide

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Card 2/3

82640

S/126/60/010/02/010/020

E111/E352

**Solubility of Alloying Elements in Cementite**

phases. With tungsten, vanadium and molybdenum the redistribution of carbon occurs first for most of the range; with others both carbon and alloying elements can move simultaneously and hence the elements can be present in the first portions of cementite. There are 1 figure, 4 tables and 16 references: 14 Soviet, 1 English and 1 Japanese (in English)

ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy issledovatel'skiy fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut (Gor'kiy Physics-Technical Research Institute)

SUBMITTED: December 23, 1959

Card 3/3

L 64754-55 EMP(e)/ERA(s)-2/ENT(m)/ENI(i)/E.A(u)-2/EAI(t)/ENI(b), IJP(c) JD/ku/nH  
ACCESSION NR: AP5018731 4455 UR/0070/65/010/004/057/0580 4455

AUTHOR: Bertseva, L. S.; Zeveke, T. A.; Ilevina, E. I. 4455

TITLE: Production of germanium films by thermal dissociation of monogermanium

SOURCE: Kristallografiya, v. 10, no. 4, 1965, 577-580

TOPIC TAGS: germanium, crystal growing, evaporation, polycrystalline film

ABSTRACT: Germanium films were obtained by thermal dissociation of germanium. The reactor was heated by means of a resistance furnace. The temperature in the reaction volume was maintained within  $\pm 3^\circ$ . Before the experiment a vacuum of  $5-6 \times 10^{-2}$  mm Hg was obtained. The substrate was chemically etched and then annealed in the reactor. The temperature was varied during the experiments from 400 to 900 $^\circ$ . The rate of supplying germanium was 0.03-0.25 liter/hour, the pressure in the reactor varying between 0.1-760 mm Hg. The substrates were 5 x 5 x 1 mm platelets of high-temperature pyroceram and 5 x 5 x 0.5 mm platelets of n and p-type single-crystal germanium oriented along the [111]. Almost all films obtained on the pyroceram were uniform and continuous. On the germanium the films consisted of separate pyramids and cones whose axes were perpendicular to the substrate. Attempts to improve the removal of the oxide film which may have been the cause of such growth did not yield the desired results. The films obtained on pyroceram had the follow-

15.4455

Card 1/2

454-5 Evid(e)/E A(s)-2/c.1(a)A...1/4 A(u)-2/E&H(t)/LJ(c) LJI(c) JD/m/SH  
ACCESSION NR: AP501B731<sup>6</sup> UR/0070/65/010/004/0577/0580  
<sup>44,57</sup>

AUTHOR: Bertseva, L. S.; Zeveke, T. A.; Levina, E. I. <sup>H4,55</sup>  
TITLE: Production of germanium films by thermal dissociation of monogermanium <sup>G</sup>  
SOURCE: Kristallografiya, v. 10, no. 4, 1965, 577-580 <sup>27</sup>

TOPIC TAGS: germanium, crystal growing, evaporation, polycrystalline film

ABSTRACT: Germanium films were obtained by thermal dissociation of germanium. The reactor was heated by means of a resistance furnace. The temperature in the reaction volume was maintained within  $\pm 3^\circ$ . Before the experiment a vacuum of  $5-6 \times 10^{-2}$  mm Hg was obtained. The substrate was chemically etched and then annealed in the reactor. The temperature was varied during the experiments from 400 to 900°. The rate of supplying germanium was 0.03--0.25 liter/hour, the pressure in the reactor varying between 0.1--760 mm Hg. The substrates were 5 x 5 x 1 mm platelets of high-temperature pyroceram and 5 x 5 x 0.5 mm platelets of n and p-type single-crystal germanium oriented along the [111]. Almost all films obtained on the pyroceram were uniform and continuous. On the germanium the films consisted of separate pyramids and cones whose axes were perpendicular to the substrate. Attempts to improve the removal of the oxide film which may have been the cause of such growth did not yield the desired results. The films obtained on pyroceram had the follow-

15,44,55

Card 1/2

L 64754-65

ACCESSION NR: AP5018731

3

ing electrical properties obtained from measurements of the Hall effect: mobility from 200 to 500  $\text{cm}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{sec}$ , conductivity from 1 to  $10 \text{ ohm}^{-1}\text{cm}^{-1}$ , majority-carrier density from  $2 \times 10^{16}$  to  $8 \times 10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ , with a thickness of 1--20  $\mu$ . The best electric characteristics were those of films obtained at 600C, 0.1 mm Hg, and a rate of germanium supply of 0.1 liter/hour. Changes in the structure of the films were observed with changes in the temperature and pressure. At 0.1 mm Hg and 400--700C the films had a small-grain structure. At 800--900C the films consisted of drops 1 to 12  $\mu$  in diameter. At 760 mm Hg drops appeared at 400C and the grains appeared at 600--800C. For the germanium substrates at 0.1 mm Hg grains were observed between 400--900C, the crystallite sizes increasing with temperature. At 900C the crystallites are in the form of truncated right pyramids 10--12  $\mu$  high. At 760 mm Hg the growth mechanism is the same as for the films on pyroceram. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Gor'kovskiy issledovatel'skiy fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut (Gor'kiy  
Scientific Research Physicotechnical Institute)

SUBMITTED: 29Sep64

ENCL: 00 14, 5

SUB CODE: S1

NR REF Sov: 006

OTHER: 009

Card 2/2

HENRY, Thomas Anderson; DITKOVSKIY, D.P. [translator]; SUVOROV, N.N.,  
[translator]; RODIONOV, V.M., akademik, redaktor [deceased];  
VUL'FSOV, N.S., doktor khimicheskikh nauk, redaktor; LEVINA,  
N.M., otvetstvennyy redaktor; SEPAK, Ye.G., tekhnicheskiy  
redaktor

[The plant alkaloids. Translated from the English] Khimiia  
rastitel'nykh alkoloидов. Perevod s angliiskogo. Pod red. V.M.  
Rodionova i N.S.Vul'fsona. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo,  
khim. lit-ry, 1956. 904 p.  
(Alkaloids)

GULYAKIN, I.V., prof., doktor biolog. nauk.; YUDINTSEVA, Ye.V., kand. biolog. nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; NEUBERO, Ya., aspirant; LEVINA, E.M., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Investigating the proportion between strontium-90 and calcium in soils and in plants. Izv. TSKhA no.5:29-46 '59 (MIRA 13:3)  
(Calcium) (Strontium) (Plants--Assimilation)

GULYAKIN, I.V., doktor biologicheskikh nauk prof.; YUDINTSEVA, Ye. V.,  
kand. biologicheskikh nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; LEVINA, E.M.,  
nauchnyy sotrudnik

Proportion between cesium-137 and potassium in soil and plants.  
Izv. TSKhA no.3:18-29 '60.

(MIRA 14:4)

(Cesium)  
(Potassium)  
(Plants--Assimilation)

GULYAKIN, I.V., doktor biologicheskikh nauk, prof.; YUDINTSEVA, Ye.V.,  
kand.biologicheskikh nauk; LEVINA, E.M., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Accumulation of strontium-90 in farm crops depending on its concen-  
trate in soil. Izv. TSKhA no.6:7-22 '60. (MIRA 13:12)  
(Soils—Strontium content) (Field crops)

GULYAKIN, I.V., doktor biologicheskikh nauk, prof.; YUDINTSEVA, Ye.V.,  
kand.biologicheskikh nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik;  
LEVINA, E.M., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Effect of the stable cesium isotope on the Cs 137 accession  
by plants. Izv. TSKhA no.5:97-111 '61. (MIRA 14:12)  
(Soils—Cesium content)  
(Plants, Effect of cesium on)

GULYAKIN, I.V., doktor biolog. nauk, prof.; YUDINTSEVA, Ye.V., kand. biolog. nauk, starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; LEVINA, E.M., mладший научный сотрудник

Effect of stable strontium on the uptake of strontium-90 by plants. Izv. TSKhA no.6:97-109 '61. (MIRA 16:8)

(Plants, Effect of strontium on)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

YULINDEVA, Ye.V., kand. biolog. nauk, staraniy nauchnyy sotrudnik;  
LEVINA, E.M., mладший научный сотрудник

Effect of calcium, potassium, and sodium compounds on the accumu-  
lation of strontium-90 in crops. Izv. TSKhA no.5: 196-220 '63.  
(VINITI 17:7)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, N. .

Levina, N. N. - "The safe limit of a concentration of harmful substances in the air of a work room." In symposium: Issledovaniya v oblasti prom. toksikologii, Leningrad, 1946, p. 32-50 - Bibliog: p. 50

SC: U-3600, 10 July 53. (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'Nayk i Stroye, No. 6, 1949).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

Levina, E. N. - "The toxicity of chlorobutadiene in acute tests." In: v. ochenie:  
Issledovaniya v oblasti prirodn. toksikologii, Leningrad. 1948, v. 95-110 - Bitlioq: 16  
itemus

SC: U-3600; 10 July 53. (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 6, 1949).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

Levina, N. N.

Levina, N. N. - "The toxic effect of chlorbutadiene during repeat poisoning of rice and rye, in particular its effect on the liver," In symposium: Elektrosvjedovatel'stvo prom. tekhnologii, Leningrad, 1948, p. 111-22 - Bitliog: 5 liter.

SO: U-3600, 10 July 53, (Letopis 'Zurnal' Agrik. Sistey, No. 5, 1949).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, E. N.

Levina, E. N. - "The toxic effect of dienes of chlorobutadiene on ice and casts in white rats," In symposium: Issledovaniya v oblasti prom. toksoekologii, Leningrad, 1949, p. 123-40 - Bibliog: 5 items.

SO: U-3600, 10 July 49, (Letopis 'Zurnal 'nykh St-tee, No. , 1949).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

Levina, N. N.

Levina, N. N. - "The toxic effect of diene of chlorobutadiene during repeated poisonings of mice, rabbits and cats." In symposium: Issledovaniya v oblasti zon. tekhnicheskii, Leningrad, 1948, p. 141-53

SO: U-3600, 10 July 53, (Letopis' Zhurn. i zhurn. St. tey, No. 4, 1949).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, E. N.

Levina, E. N. - "The effect of dienes of chlorobutadiene when applied to the skin of mice and rabbits," In symposium Isotleivaniye v oblasti lecheniya, doksylo, Leningrad, 1948, p. 154-63

SO: 3-3600, 10 July 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'Nauk. Sovetov', No. 6, 1949).

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

Ref. Ab.  
Vd. 30, Yo. 2.

General info  
23 Process Material

820. Toxicology of acetonitrile. E. N. LAVIN  
*Organ. Indust.*, 1961, No. 2, 31 p. Chem. Abstr.  
1961, 45, 10001. The toxic effects of acetonitrile are  
similar but lower than those of hydrogen cyanide.  
The toxic effect appears to be due to the cyanoide  
group. The permissible atmospheric concentration  
of acetonitrile should not be more than twice the  
permissible atmospheric concentration of hydrogen  
cyanide. Skin absorption of acetonitrile is as  
dangerous as inhalation. 7002152N

Toxicology Lab, Leningrad State Inst  
Labor Hygiene - Occupational Diseases

1952

LAZAREV, N.V.; ALEKSANDROV, I.S.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; ALKEBERG, I.I.; ZAKA-BUNINA, M.S.; GADASKINA, I.D.; DOBRYAKOVA, N.S.; KREPS, I.F.; KARASIK, V.M.; LEVINA, E.N.; DANISHNEVSKIY, S.L.; YEGOROV, N.N.; RYLOVA, M.L., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; KARPOV, B.D.; ANDREYEV, V.V.; LYKHINA, Ye.T.; ZAMESHAYEVA, G.I.; AMISIMOV, A.N.; FRIDLYAND, I.G.; DANETSKAYA, O.L.; BOGOVSKIY, P.A.; TIUMOV, L.A.; MIKHEL'SON, M.Ya.; ABRAMOVA, Zh.I., GRIGOR'IEVA, L.M.; KLINSKAYA, K.S.

Third Leningrad conference on the problems of industrial toxicology.

Farm. i toks. 16 no.2:59-62 Mr-Ap '53.

(MLRA 6:6)

(Poisons)

AID P - 1409

Subject : USSR/Medicine

Card 1/2 Pub. 37 - 6/23

Authors : Levina, E. N., Senior Scientific Worker,  
Robachevskaya, Ye. G., Scientific Worker

Title : Alterations in pulmonary tissue when  
manganese oxides are introduced int. the  
trachea

Periodical : Gig. i san., 1, 25-28, Ja 1955

Abstract : Tests are described and the effect of  
manganese oxides ( $MnO$ ,  $Mn_3O_4$ ,  $Mn_2O_3$ ,  
 $MnO_2$ ) on young rats is examined. On the  
basis of the obtained data, the deduction  
is made that the inhaled manganese-oxide  
dust can produce transformations in the  
lungs and cause diseases. 2 illus., table,  
5 ref. (2 Russian 1951, 1953)

LEVINA, E. N. Doc Med Sci -- (diss) "Study of the comparative toxicity  
of oxygen compounds of manganese (On the problem of occupational manganism)."   
Len, 1957. 19 pp (Min of Health RSFSR. Len Sanitary Hygiene Med Inst),  
200 copies. List of author's works, p 19. (KL, 13-58, 99)

Levina, E.N.

USSR/Pharmacology and Toxicology - Toxicology

V

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 2, 1959, 9348

Author : Levina, E.N.

Inst :

Title : Organs and Tissues of Animals in Response to Different Routes of Its Introduction

Orig Pub : Ginyena truda i prof. zabolevaniya, 1957, № 3, 29-34

Abstract : The distribution of Mn in various organs and tissues of rats after a single intratracheal introduction of 50 mg of the following oxides: MnO, Mn<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, Mn<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and MnO<sub>2</sub>, as well as upon the subcutaneous introduction of MnO and MnO<sub>2</sub> (250 mg/kg) and, in addition, after chronic inhalatory priming of rabbits and rats with aerosols of the very same oxides, was studied. It was found that the oxides of manganese are resorbed rather rapidly from the lungs. An increased content of Mn in the blood is observed only during the first 24 hours after introduction:

Card 1/2

- 30 -

GDR/Pharmacology and Toxicology - Toxicology

v

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 2, 1959, 9347

irregular pulse, increase of the tone of the arterial walls, vertigo, etc. In the presence of these symptoms, death may occur within a few hours. 3. In a slower course of poisoning, symptoms pointing to action upon the nervous system are, in the first place, convulsions and paralysis. The administration of Na sulfate enterally and intravenously in the form of 3% solution is recommended as principal pathogenetic therapeutic remedy. Three cases of barium sulfate poisoning with fatal outcome are described. -- V.Ya. Rusin

Card 2/2

LEVINA, E.N., MINKINA, N.A. (Leningrad)

Changes in the adrenal cortex of white mice in manganese oxides poisoning. [with summary in English]. Probl.endok. i gorm. 4 no.4:25-30 Jl-Ag '58 (MIRA 11:19)

1. Iz toksikologicheskoy laboratorii (zav. prof. I.D. Gadnakin) Gosudarstvennogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh zabolеваний (dir. - kand.med.nauk Grigor'yev).

(MANGANESE, eff

oxides eff on adrenal cortex mice (Rus))

(ADRENAL CORTEX, eff. of drugs on  
manganese oxides pois. in mice (Rus))

LEVINA, E.N. (Leningrad)

Changes in the gas metabolism and thyroid gland of rats in poisoning  
with manganese oxides. Gig.truda i prof.zab. 3 no.6;48-49 N-D '59.  
(MIRA 13:4)

1. Institut giglyeny truda i profzabolevaniy.  
(RESPIRATION) (THYROID GLAND) (MANGANESE OXIDES--TOXICOLOGY)

LEVINA, E.N., starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Effects of epoxy resin on the skin [with summary in English].  
Gig. i san. 24 no.2:35-40 F '59. (MIRA 12:3)

1. Iz Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta gigiyeny truda i professional'nykh zabolеваний, Leningrad.

(SKIN, eff. of drugs on  
epoxy resins, in guinea pigs & rabbits (Rus))

(RESINS, eff.  
epoxy resins on skin in guinea pigs & rabbits  
(Rus))

ABRAMOVA, Zh.I.; BRUSILOVSKAYA, A.I.; GADASKINA, I.D.; GOLUBEV, A.A.;  
GRIGOR'YEV, Z.E.; DANISHEVSKIY, S.L.; KOVNATSKIY, M.A.; KOVRANSKIY, B.B.;  
LAZAREV, N.V.; LEVINA, E.N.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I.; LYKHINA, Ye.T.; OSIPOV,  
B.S.; RYLOVA, M.L.; RUSIN, V.Ya.; SLONIM, A.D.; FRIDLYAND, I.G.

Il'ia Stepanovich Aleksandrov. Farm.i toks. 24 no.1:127 Ja-F '61.  
(MIRA 14:5)  
(ALEKSANDROV, IL'IA STEPANOVICH, 1902-1960)

LEVINA, E.N.; MINKINA, N.A.

Comparative effect of oxides of cobalt on lung tissue. Gig. i san.  
26 no.8:27-32 Ag '61. (MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz toksikologicheskoy laboratorii Leningradskogo instituta gigiyeny  
truda i professional'nykh zabolеваний.  
(LUNGS) (COBALT OXIDES—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

LEVINA, E.N.; LOYT, A.O.

Comparative toxicity of cobalt oxides. Gig. i san. 26 no.10:27-31  
0 '61. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Iz toksikologicheskoy laboratorii Instituta gigiyeny truda i  
professional'nykh zavolevaniy, Leningrad.  
(COBALT—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

LAZAREV, N.V., zasl. deyatel' nauki, prof., red.; LEVINA, E.N.,  
doktor med. nauk, red.; ANDREYEVA-GALANINA, Ye.TS., red.;  
KHARASH, G.A., tekhn. red.

[Manganese oxides; their comparative toxicity, hygienic  
significance and the clinical aspects of the chronic effect  
of manganese] Okisly margantsa; srovnitel'naya ikh toksichnost',  
gigienicheskoe znachenie i klinika khronicheskogo vozdeistviia  
margantsa. Leningrad, Medgiz, 1962. 175 p. (MIRA 15:7)  
(MANGANESE OXIDES—TOXICOLOGY)

AERAMOVA, Zh.I., kand. med. nauk; GADASKINA, I.D., prof.; GOLUBEV, A.A., kand. med. nauk; DAN' YUSKIY, S.L., prof.; ZIL'BER, Yu.D., kand. med. nauk; LAZAREV, L.N., kand. khim. nauk; LEVINA, E.N., doktor med. nauk; LOYT, A.O.; LYUBLINA, Ye.I., doktor biol. nauk; LYKHINA, Ye.T., kand. biol. nauk; MINKINA, N.A., kand. med. nauk; RUSIN, V.Ya., kand. med. nauk; SALYAMON, L.S., kand. med. nauk; SPERANSKIY, S.V., TRAKHTENBERG, I.M., dots.; FILOV, V.A., kand. biol. nauk; TSIRK, K.G., kand. med. nauk; CHEKUNOVA, M.P., kand. med. nauk; GRIVA, Z.I., red.; LAZAREV, N.V., zasl.deyat.nauki,prof., red.; LEVIN, S.S., tekhn. red.; BASINA, M.Z., tekhn. red.

[Toxic industrial substances; handbook for chemists, engineers and physicians] Vrednye veshchestva v promyshlennosti; spravochnik dlia khimikov, inzhenerov i vrachei. Izd.4., perer.i dop. Leningrad, Goskhimizdat. Pt.2.[Inorganic and metallo-organic compounds] Neorganicheskie i elementorganicheskie soedineniya. 1963. 619 p.

(MIRA 17:2)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, F.

Brigade of Communist labor. Stroitel' no.2:10-11 F '59.  
(MIRA 12:5)  
(Moscow--Building)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

LEVINA, F. A.

DAKHSHLEYGER, Ye. K., kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; TURANOVA, Ye. N.,  
kandidat meditsinskikh nauk; LUR'YE, S. S., kandidat meditsinskikh  
nauk; PAK, T. I.; LEVINA, F. A.; YEGOROVA, S. V.; ANDROSOVA, M. N.

Gonorrhea among women reporting to obstetric and gynecological  
institutions. Vest. ven. i derm. no.3:41-44 My-Je '54. (MLRA 7:8)

1. Iz otdela gonorrei (zav. prof. I.M.Porudominskiy) otdela mikro-  
biologii (zav. prof. N.M.Ovchinnikov) TSentral'nogo kozhno-venerolo-  
gicheskogo instituta (dir. kandidat meditsinskikh nauk N.M.Turanov)  
(GONORRHEA, epidemiology,  
\*Russia}

TURANOVA, Ye.N.; ANTONOVA, T.N.; BORODOVSKAYA, M.A.; LEVINA, F.A.;  
SHAMINA, M.S.

Trichomycin in the treatment of trichomoniasis in women. Vest.  
derm.i ven. 34 no.9:72-73 '60. (MIRA 13:11)

1. Iz TSentral'nogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo kozhno-venerolo-  
gicheskogo instituta (dir. - kand.med.nauk N.M. Turanov) Minister-  
stva zdravookhraneniya RSFSR, bol'nitsy imeni Korolenko (glavnnyy  
vrach A.I. Pustovaya), 33-y gorodskoy bol'nitsy (glavnnyy vrach  
P.V. Abashkina), I venerologicheskogo dispansera (glavnnyy vrach  
V.P. Volkov).

(TRICHOMONIASIS) (ANTIBIOTICS) (VAGINA—DISEASES)

LEVINA, F.A.; BERLIN, S.I.

Characteristics of visits of patients with primary skin diseases.  
Vest.derm. i ven. no.9:65-67'62. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Iz kozhnogo otdeleniya polikliniki Moskovskoy gorodskoy klinicheskoy bol'nitsy no.33 imeni prof. A.A.Ostroumova (glavnnyy vrach P.V.Abashkina).  
(MOSCOW—SKIN—DISEASES)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, F.A.; PLAVINA, I.Z.

Spectral characteristics of sensitized electrophotographic layers.  
Zhur.nauch.i prikl.fot.i kin. 7 no.4:262-267 Jl-Ag '62.  
(MIRA 15:8)  
1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut elektrografii, Vil'nyus.  
(Xerography)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

L 27176-66 EWT(1)/T IIP(c)  
ACC NR: AP6005397

SOURCE CODE: UR/0413/66/000/001/0152/0152

INVENTOR: Levina, F. A.; Myl'nikova, V. S.; Rybalko, G. I.; Sidaravichyus, D. -I. B.;  
Sladkov, A. M.; Terenin, A. N.

32  
33

ORG: none

TITLE: Preparation of electrophotographic layers. Class 57, No. 169395

SOURCE: Izobreteniya, promyshlennyye obraztsy, tovarnyye znaki, no. 1, 1966, 152

TOPIC TAGS: electrophotography, electrophotographic layer

ABSTRACT: An Author Certificate has been issued describing a method for making electrophotographic layers, using poly-N-vinylcarbazole as binder. To increase the sensitivity of the coating, organic photoelectric sensitive compounds such as metal polyacetylenes and acetylenides are added to the poly-N-vinylcarbazole. [LD]

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: 27Jul63/

Card 1/1 plus

2

L. 05/02-01 E. 10. N. 1(6)/1, SW(V) 101(c)  
ACC'NR: AP6026355

SOURCE CODE: UR/0237/66/000/005/0027/0030

AUTHOR: Sidaravichus, I.; Levina, F. A.; Rybalko, G. I.; Sladkov, A. M.; Mylnikov, V. S.; Kudryavtsev, Yu. P.; Ukhin, L. Yu.

ORG: none

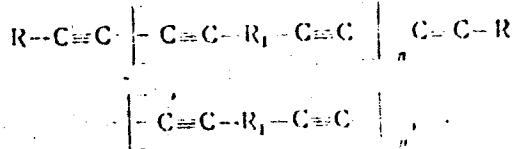
64  
60  
B

TITLE: Electrophotographic layers with photosemiconducting acetylenic polymeric compounds

SOURCE: Optiko-mekhanicheskaya promyshlennost', no. 5, 1966, 27-30

TOPIC TAGS: electrophotography, organic semiconductor, semiconducting polymer, copper compound, acetylene compound

ABSTRACT: The article reviews reported studies of new electrophotographic layers. Semiconducting organic polymeric compounds containing triple bonds in the conjugation chain (polyynes) have been found to display a high photoelectric sensitivity and very short times of photoeffect relaxation. The structure of these compounds is



Card 1/3

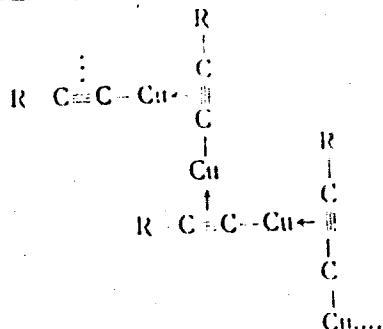
UDC: 772.93

T 05702-67

ACC NR: AF6026355

3

where R and R<sub>1</sub> are organic radicals which may or may not contain functional groups, e. g., R - p-phenyl, p-nitrophenyl, p-iodophenyl, butyl,  $\alpha$ -naphthyl, and R<sub>1</sub> - divalent radicals of benzene, azobenzene, anthracene and 9,10-dihydrohydroxyanthracene. A high photoelectric sensitivity has also been observed in copper acetylides of the form



where R are organic radicals which may or may not contain functional groups, e.g., phenyl, nitrophenyl, halogenated phenyl, naphthyl, or butyl. The use of polyvinylcarbazole as a binder for polyynes and copper acetylides has given very good results. Spectral sensitization of the photoconductive effect of the polyynes can be achieved with organic dyes. It is concluded that organic semiconductors are very useful in electrophotography and that highly sensitive electrophotographic layers can be pre-

Card 2/3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

L 05702-47

ACC NR: AP6026355

pared from them. Authors are sincerely grateful to Academician A. N. Terenin for supervising the work. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

SUB CODE: 14/ SUBM DATE: 01Nov65/ ORIG REF: 010/ OTH REF: 015

Card 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

NEYEVIN, Ye.A.; KOVALEV, G.N.; LEVINA, F.M., red.; TYAPKIN, B.G., red.  
izd-va; GILENOM, P.G., tekhn.red.

[Construction industry on the road to further technical progress;  
aid for lecturers] Stroitel'stvo na puti tekhnicheskogo progressa;  
v pomoshch' dokladchikam i lektoram. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry  
po stroit., arkhit. i stroit.materialam, 1959. 58 p. (MIRA 13:1)

(Construction industry)

ZAGORSKAYA, N.G.; YASHINA, Z.I.; SLOBODIN, V.Ya.; LEVINA, F.M.;  
BELEVICH, A.M.; URVANTSEV, N.N., doktor geol.-mineral. nauk, red.

[Marine Neogene(?) - Quaternary sediments in the lower Yenisey  
Valley.] Morskie neogen (?) - chetvertichnye otlozheniya  
nizhnego techeniya reki Eniseia. Moskva, Nedra, 1965. 90 p.  
(Leningrad. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut geologii  
arktiki. Trudy, no. 144) (MIRA 18:8)

LEVINA, F.Ya.; ISACHENKO, T.I.

Sodding over of artificial tree and shrub plantings on Yergeni. Geobotanika Ser. 3 no.8:20-39 '52. (MLRA 6:6)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Yergeni--Afforestation)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Tauric wormwood (*Artemisia taurica Willdenow*) in the desert-steppe region  
of the southern and southeastern part of European Russia. Geobotanika  
Ser. 3 no.8:140-155 '52. (MLRA 6:6)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Wormwood)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

1. IVANOVA, Ye. N. : LEVINA, F. Ya.

2. USSR (600)

4. Caspian Depression - Alkali Lands

7. Solonetz groups of the Caspian Depression. Pochvovdenie no. 10, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, January 1953. Unclassified.

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Biology of regeneration of wormwood and other xerophilous  
undershrubs. Bot. zhur. 38 no.6:905-908 N-D '53. (MLRA 7:1)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Wormwood) (Shrubs)

LEVINA, F. Ya.

LEVINA, F.Ya; MATVYEEVA, Ye.P.

All-union conference devoted to the coordination of science topics  
on the procurement of feeding stuffs, held by institutes of the  
Academy of Sciences of the U.S.S.R. and academies of sciences of  
the Union republics. Bot.shur. 39 no.3:465-470 My-Je '54. (MLRA 7:7)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR.  
Leningrad.  
(Feeding and feeding stuffs)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Genesis of meadow flora and vegetation of the southeastern European plain. Bot. zhur. 40 no.4:587-592 Jl-Ag'55. (MIRA 8:11)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova Akademii nauk SSSR, Leningrad

LARIN, I.V., redaktor; LEVINA, F.Ya, redaktor; SMIRNOVA, A.V., tekhnicheskiy  
redaktor

[Nature and feeding properties of liman vegetation of the Volga-Ural  
interfluve] Priroda i kormovye osobennosti rastitel'nosti limanov  
Volgo-Ural'skogo mezhdureshch'ia. Moskva, 1956. 634 p. (MLRA 9:11)

1. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Botanicheskiy institut.  
(Volga Valley--Botany)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Ecologico-biological composition of liman meadow flora in the  
northern part of the Caspian Sea region. Trudy Bot. inst. Ser.  
3 no.11:197-253 '57. (MLRA 10:3)  
(Caspian Depression--Pastures and meadows)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

LEVINA, F.YA.

LEVINA, F.Ya.

"Explanatory note to the ground water maps of steppe and forest-steppe regions of the European part of the U.S.S.R." by I.V. Garmonov.  
Reviewed by F.IA.Levina. Bot.shur.42 no.2:1292-1293 Ag '57.  
(MFA 10:9)  
(water, Underground) (Garmonov, I.V.)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

"Vegetation and feed supply of the Bet-Pak-Dala Desert" by Z.V. Kn-banskaia. Reviewed by F.IA. Levina. Bot.zhur. 43 no.10:1494-1495  
(MIRA 11:11)  
O '58.

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Bet-Pak-Dala--Botany) (Kubanskaia, Z.V.)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Complexity and the mosaic pattern of vegetation and the classification of complexes [with summary in English]. Bot.shur. 43  
no.12:1690-1703 D '58. (MIRA 11:12)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Plant communities)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Zonality and subzones of European semideserts. Bot. zhur. 44  
no.8:1051-1061 Ag '59. (MIRA 13:2)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Caspian Sea Region--Botany--Ecology)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

More about zonal features of the semidesert. Bot. zhur. 46  
no. 5:728-731 My '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V.L. Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Kazakhstan—Desert flora)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Mechanism of successions in the composite vegetation cover of the  
Circaspian semidesert. Bot. zhur. 46 no.9:1246-1254 S '61.  
(MIRA 14:9)

1. Botanicheskiy institut im. V.L.Komarova AM SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Volga-Ural region--Plant succession)

LEVINA, F. Ya.

Recent data on the range of the wormwood *Artemisia taurica* Wild.  
Bot. zhur. 48 no. 3:422-426 Mr '63. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V. L. Komarova AM SSSR, Leningrad.  
(Wormwood)

LEVINA, F. Ya.

"Covering with vegetation slag dumping fields (ash heaps)  
of the thermoelectric power stations of the Urals" by V. V.  
Tarchevskii and others. Reviewed by F. IA. Levina. Bot. zhur.  
(MIRA 16:4)  
48 no. 3:460-461 Mr '63.

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni V. L. Komarova AN SSSR,  
Leningrad.

(Ural Mountain region—Industrial wastes)  
(Soil binding) (Tarchevskii, V. V.)

LEVINA, F.Ya.

Vegetation in the backwater zone of Tsimlyansk and Volgograd Reservoirs. Bot. zhur. 48 no.11:1598-1609 N '63. (MIRA 17:4)

1. Botanicheskiy institut imeni Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.

LEVINA, Fanni Yakovlevna; YUMTOV, A.A., doktor biol. nauk,  
prof., otd. red.

[Semidesert vegetation in the northern part of the Caspian  
Sea region and its significance as livestock feed] Rasti-  
tel'nost' polupustyni Severnogo Kaspia i ee kormovoe  
znachenie. Moskva, Nauka, 1964. 335 p. (MIRA 17:8)

ALIMOV, V., nauchnyy sotrudnik; VRANGEL', L., nauchnyy sotrudnik;  
LEVINA, G., nauchnyy sotrudnik

An integrated series of plans for farm buildings and structures.  
Na stroi. Ros. no.5:7-9 My '61. (MIRA 14:7)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut zhilishcha Akademii  
stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR.  
(Farm buildings—Designs and plans)

PROZOROVSKIY, S.V.; LEVINA, G.A.; BLINOVA, S.V.: VIMNIKOVA, N.I.

Some physiological characteristics of L-form bacteria of various types and Mycoplasma as possible sources of their differentiation. (MIRA 18:9)  
Vest. AMN SSSR 20 no.8:23-29 '65.

1. Institut epidemiologii i mikrobiologii imeni N.F.Gamalei  
AMN SSSR, Moskva.

GOLD'BERG, D.I., prof.; LEVINA, O.D.; DALINGER, I.M.; KARPOVA, G.V.;  
GOL'DBERG, Ye.D.; TETERINA, V.I.; LAVROVA, V.S.; TIMAKIN, N.P.;  
GOL'DBERG, A.I.; CHERNOVA, Ye.A.

Clinical significance of erythrocytometry. Probl. gemat. i perel.  
(MIRA 18:3)  
krovi 9 no.10:8-14, O '64.

1. Tomskiy meditsinskiy institut.

SOKOLOV, V.A., inzh.; LEVINA, G.G., inzh.; Prinimali uchastiye: DUMHIN,  
I.S.; KOLOV, M.I.; SOSNOVSKAYA, Z.N.

Increasing the durability of steel rolls for strip mills.  
Stal' 22 no.9:821-823 S '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat.  
(Rolls (Iron mills)) (Steel--Heat treatment)

ACCESSION NR: AP4033128

S/0120/64/000/002/0121/0125

AUTHOR: Averina, A. P.; Levina, G. N.; Lepekhina, V. T.; Rafal'son, A. E.

TITLE: Omegatron mass spectrometer for analyzing residual gas in high-vacuum systems

SOURCE: Pribory\* i tekhnika eksperimenta, no. 2, 1964, 121-125

TOPIC TAGS: spectrometer, mass spectrometer, residual gas, high vacuum technique, high vacuum electronic device

ABSTRACT: The development of a new MKh4301 omegatron mass spectrometer is reported which consists of the following parts: (1) an analyzer; (2) a measuring unit that includes an h-f oscillator, a cathode-ray-tube recording unit, sweep amplifiers, an ion-current amplifier, and a power-supply unit; (3) an electrometric stage of the ion amplifier; (4) a permanent magnet; (5) a permanent-magnet adjuster; and (6) a chassis with a lifting mechanism. The

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4033128

spectrometer has the following characteristics: measurement range, 2-150 atomic mass units (amu); sensitivity, 10 per torr; resolution, 25 per mass 25; pressure range,  $10^{-5}$  -  $10^{-10}$  torr; relative error in partial-pressure measurement,  $\pm 10\%$ ; magnetic field strength, 3,300 oerst; duration of recording, 2, 5, and 10 sec for oscillographic screen, or 3 and 30 min for EPP-09 electron-potentiometer tape; frequency bands of the oscillator, 30-480 kc for manual sweep, or 30-2,800 kc for automatic sweep. Other details given. Orig. art. has: 5 figures and 3 formulas.

ASSOCIATION: SKB Analiticheskogo priborostroyeniya AN SSSR (Special Design Office for Analytical Instruments, AN SSSR)

SUBMITTED: 06May63 / DATE ACQ: 11May64 ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: PH, GE NO REF SOV: 001 OTHER: 004

Card: 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8

KUDRYAVTSEV, G.N.; LEVINA, G.N.; LEPEKHINA, V.T.; MARTYNKEVICH,  
G.M.; OZIROV, L.N.; RAFAL'SON, A.E.

Some characteristics and possibilities of a miniature transit-time  
mass spectrometer. Trudy TSAO no.61:93-99 '65. (MIRA 18:7)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/12/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

I. 7993-66

ACC NK: AP5026564

SOURCE CODE: UR/0286/65/000/019/0127/0127

28  
QD

AUTHORS: Lebedev, O. Ye.; Levina, G. N.; Lepekhina, V. T.; Libman, M. L.;  
Martynkevich, G. M.; Ozerov, L. N.

ORG: none

TITLE: Arrangement for protecting and uncovering evacuated gauge of a device.  
Class 62, No. 175398 [announced by Special Construction Bureau of the Analytic  
Instrument Construction, AN SSSR (Spetsial'naya konstruktorskaya byuro  
analiticheskogo priborostroyeniya AN SSSR)]

SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteniy i tovarnykh znakov, no. 19, 1965, 127

TOPIC TAGS: vacuum, vacuum measurement, vacuum seal 17

ABSTRACT: This Author Certificate introduces an arrangement for protecting and uncovering an evacuated gauge of a device while introducing the gauge into the investigated medium (see Fig. 1). The arrangement contains a sealed hood connected to the nipple of the device and a mechanism for destroying this hood. To make sure that the investigated medium enters the gauge and to protect the gauge from damage while it is being uncovered, the hood is made up of two metallic parts fixed to one another and to the nipple with airtight glass seams. The parts of the hood are also provided with earlike holders which are connected to the hood-destroying mechanism.

Card 1/2

UDC: 629.19:621.3.083.8:543.27

L-7993-66

ACC NR: AP5026564

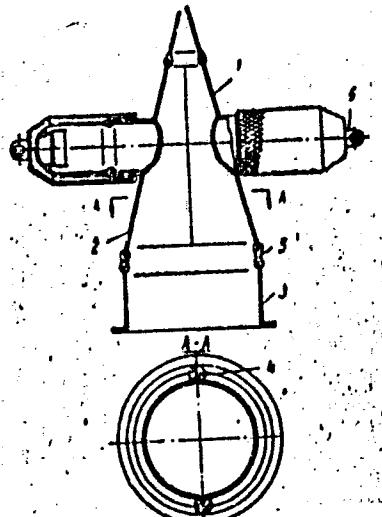


Fig. 1. 1 and 2- hood; 3- nipple of the  
device; 4 and 5- glass seams;  
6- ears

Orig. art. has: 1 figure.

SUB CODE: IE/ SUBM DATE: 12Oct64  
nw

Card 2/2

SOFINSKIY, I.D.; BLOKHIN, P.N.; GEL'BERG, L.A.; ZHDANOV, P.M.; IVASHCHENKO, I.P.; LEVINA, O.P.; NAUMOVA, N.A.; SMIHNOV, N.S.; ARONOVA, R.I.; NIKOLAEV, N.A.; SHERENTSIK, A.A.; KOVALEVSKIY, I.I.; LOBACHEV, P.V.; SLADKOV, S.P.; DZIGAN, A.V.; FORAFONOV, N.K. Prinimali uchastiye: ARGANSKIY, A.S.; ASMUS, Ye.N.; BNZHALOVA, Ye.M.; BOGATIKH, Ye.D.; BURENIN, V.A.; GOL'DING, N.P.; DOMSHLAK, I.P.; MOSKALEV, S.A.; RABINOVICH, S.G.; ROGOVSKIY, L.V.; KHOKHOLOVA, L.P.; SHESTOPAL, N.M.. RUBANENKO, B.R., glavnyy red.; GALKIN, Ye.G., zamest.glavnogo red.; SAPRYKIN, V.A., red.; SHCHEPETOV, V.M., red.; NOVITCHENKO, K.M., nauchnyy red.; VILKOV, G.N., inzh., red.izd-va; TYAPKIN, B.G., red. izd-va; EL'KINA, E.M., tekhn.red.

[Building your own home] Spravochnik individual'nogo zastroishchika. Moskva, Gos.izd-vo lit-ry po stroit.materiamam, 1958. 442 p.  
(MIRA 12:2)

1. Akademiya stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR.  
(Building)

LEVINA, G.S., KATSNEL'SON, M.M., red., PARFENENKOVA, G.P., ved.  
red.; ROZOVA, S.T., tekhn. red.

[Modern unit of the Groznyy Cracking Plant] Perekrovaja  
ustanovka Groznenskogo kreking-zavoda. Moskva, TsNIIITEINeftegaz,  
1963. 19 p. (MIRA 16:11)  
(Groznyy--Cracking process)

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LEVINA, G. V.

"Phagotherapy of Typhoid," Sov. Med., No. 7, 1940.

Abt., Dnepropetrovsk Infection Clinic & Infection Hos., -cl 342-.

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CIA-RDP86-00513R000929610006-8"

NIKOLENKO, V.F.; SPIVAK, G.V.; KARAKASH, R.I.; LEVINA, G.V.

Effect of antibiotics on the rate of elimination of the disease  
pathogen from patients with whooping cough. Vop.ohk.mat.i det. 7  
no.4:44-46 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz Dnepropetrovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta  
epidemiologii, mikrobiologii i gigiyeny.  
(WHOOPING COUGH) (ANTIBIOTICS)

LEVINA, G.Ia.; PREROBRAZHENSKAYA, N.V.

Severe forms of heliotropic dystrophy of the liver in children.  
Trudy AN Tadzh.SSR 32;51-60 '56. (MIRA 9:8)

1. Iz kafedry detskikh bolezney (sav.prof. V.S.Vayl') Stalinabad-skogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta imeni Abuали ibn Siny.

(LIVER--DISEASES) (HELIOTROPE (PLANT)--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)  
(ASITES)

LEVINA, G.Ye., docent

Periarteritis nodosa among children of Bashkirs. Trudy Taizh. med.  
inst. 50:37-96 (part.)  
(Kaz 17:8)

1. Vvedeniye v zadaniye i obzor prepedovatel'kih detskikh bolezney  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta Taizhanskogo gosudarstvennogo  
meditsinskogo instituta imeni A.S.涅夫斯基.

LEVINA, G.Ye., dotsent

Time for the first feeding of newborn infants. Trudy Tadzh.  
(M.M. 17:8)  
med. inst. 50:43-90 'Sl.

1. Zaveduyushchaya kafedroy propovedvixi detskih bolezney  
pediatricheskogo fakulteta Tadzhiskogo gosudarstvennogo  
meditsinskogo instituta imeni Abdulli Ima-Gino.

LEVINA, G.Ye., dotsent, BRONSHTEYN, R.Ye.

Cirrhosis of the liver in children [with summary in English].  
Pediatrka 36 no.4:39-42 Ap'58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz kafedry detskikh bolezney (zav. - prof. V.S. Vayl')  
Stalinabadskogo meditsinskogo instituta im. Abu Ali ibn Siny  
(dir. - chlen-korrespondent AN Tadzhikskoy SSSR Ya.A. Rakhimov).  
(LIVER--CIRRHOSES)

KORETSKAYA, L.S.; KOVALEVSKAYA, A.N.; LEVINA, G.Ye.; LITVINENKO, R.M.

Peculiarities of colienteritis in Stalinabad and its relative weight in the sum total of acute intestinal diseases in children.  
Zdrav. Tadzh. 7 no. 2:32-37 Mr-Ap '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Iz Stalinabadskogo instituta epidemiologii i gigiyeny, Stalinabadskogo medinstituta im. Abuali ibni Sino i Detskoy infektsionnoy bol'nitsy.

(STALINABAD—INTESTINES—DISEASES)

RYABININ, A.A.; PANASHECHENKO, A.D.; ANISIMOVA, I.L.; LEVINA, O.YU.

Synthesis of physiologically active putrescine derivatives. Zhur.  
ob.khim. 26 no.2:577-579 F '56. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Khimicheskaya laboratoriya Botanicheskogo instituta Akademii nauk  
SSSR.  
(Putrescine)

LEVINA, I., prepodavatel'

Memory of a hero is still alive. Prof.-tekhn. obr. 22 no.9:16 S '65.  
(MIRA 18:9)

1. Gorodskoye professional'no-tekhnicheskoye uchilishche No.1,  
Orekhovo-Zuyevo.

LEVINA, I.A.

Case of infectious lymphocytosis with elevated leucocytosis.  
Probl.gemat.i perel.krovi no.7:58-59 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Iz Podol'skoy gorodskoy bol'nitsy No.1 (glavnyy vrach V.G.  
Brikman).  
(LYMPHOCYTES) (LEUKOCYTOSIS)

LEVIHA, I.B.

Clinical aspects of pre-infarct conditions. Trudy LSGMI  
40:106-125 '58. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Fakul'tetskaya terapeuticheskaya klinika Leningradskogo  
sanitarno-gigienicheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav.  
klinikoy - prof.A.A.Kedrov).

(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, physiology,  
physiol. & biochem. indices in pre-infarct  
cond. (Rus))

LEVINA, I.B.

Anticoagulant therapy of myocardial pre-infarcts and acute infarcts. Trudy LSQNI 40:126-142 '58. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Yakul'tetskaya terapeuticheskaya klinika Leningradskogo sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo meditsinskogo instituta (zav. klinikoy - prof.A.A.Kedrov).

(ANTICOAGULANTS, ther. use,  
myocardial infarct & pre-infarct (Rus))

(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, therapy,  
anticoagulants in acute infarcts & pre-infarcts  
(Rus))

LINVINA, I.B.

Clinical aspects of preinfarct conditions. Terap. arkh. 31 no.2:  
69-76 p '59. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Iz fakul'tetskoy terapevticheskoy kliniki (zav. - prof. A.A. Kedrov)  
Leningradskogo sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo meditsinskogo instituta.  
(MYOCARDIAL INFARCT, etiol. & pathogen.  
pre-infarction cond. (Rus))

USSR/Diseases of Farm Animals - Diseases Caused by Bacteria  
and Fungi.

R-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 11, 1958, 50173

Author : Ivanov, M.L., Levina, I.G., Studentsov, P.S., Kuznetsov,  
V.S.

Inst : State Scientific Control Institute of Veterinary Prepara-  
tions.

Title : The Problem of Anti-Brucellosis Vaccination of Large  
Horned Cattle with Dry Brucella Vaccine.

Orig Pub : Tr. Gos. nauchno-kontrol'n. in-t po vetpreparatam, 1956,  
6, 110-123.

Abstract : Vaccinations were performed with the live brucella No 19  
strain vaccine. The vaccine was hypodermically injected  
in 5 ml doses to all barren cows, as well as to cows preg-  
nant for up to 6 months. The agglutination reaction

Card 1/2

- 14 -

LEVINA, L. G.

USSR / Microbiology. Microorganisms Pathogenic to Humans  
and Animals.

F-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 8, 1958, No 33847

Author : Levina, L. G.

Inst : Not given

Title : Brucella Endotoxins.

Orig Pub : Tr. Gos. nauchno-kontroln. in-ta po vetrpreparatam, 1956,  
6, 157-170

Abstract : 10, 20, and 30 day-old, and 2, 4, 6, and 12 month-old  
brucella cultures cultivated on liquid media proved to be  
non-toxic to mice and guinea pigs. Injection into mice  
and guinea pigs of a suspension of 2 day-old brucella cul-  
ture grown on a solid nutrient medium and heated to 80-90°  
for 1 hour did not cause destruction of the animals; the  
injection of the same culture after mechanical disintegration  
(vibration, shaking with beads), caused destruction of the

Card 1/2

23

USSR/Microbiology - Microbes Pathogenic for Man and Animals.  
Brucellae

F

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 22, 1958, 99436  
Author : Ivanov, M.M., Romanov, A.M., Levina, I.G.  
Inst : State Scientific Control Institute of Veterinary  
Preparations.  
Title : Study of the Biological Properties of the Strain #19  
in Comparison with Other Brucella Strains.  
Orig Pub : Tr. Gos. Nauchno-kontrol'n. in-ta vet. preparatov,  
1957, 7, 12-19

Abstract : It was established that the vaccinal strain of Brucella  
bovis #19 possesses a well-consolidated type and biologi-  
cal properties which do not change following triple pas-  
sage of the strain through the organism of sheep or  
guinea pigs. It was also demonstrated that this strain

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Brucellae

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur Biol., No 22, 1958, 99436

possesses residual virulence. A rapid spread of Brucella occurs in the organism following the infection of guinea pigs with doses of 1-100,000 microbe bodies. Within 30-35 days following the infection no Brucella are found in the majority of the cases in the internal organs, and only occasionally are they isolated from the regional lymph nodes. The organism of the vaccinated animals frees itself rapidly of Brucella, acquiring under these circumstances immunity to virulent strains of Brucella of the type bovis and melitensis. The strain Br. suis #55, administered to sheep in doses of 5 and 10,000,000,000 microbe bodies confers immunity to brucellosis, but the biological properties of the strain are not consolidated.  
-- G.Ye. Frunkina

Card 2/2

USSR / Microbiology. General Problems. Method and F-1  
Technique of Investigation.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., 1958, No 17, 76589.

Author : Babich, M. A.; Plotnikova, V. A.; Levina, I. G.  
Inst : State Scientific Control Institute of Veterinary  
Preparation.  
Title : Use of Dry Nutritional Mediums for Cultivation of  
Brucelli.

Orig Pub: Tr. Gos. nauchnokontrol'n. in-ta vet. preparatov.  
1957, 7, 57-62.

Abstract: No abstract.

Card 1/1

LEVINA, I.G., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Methods of the isolation of vibrio cultures from the organism of  
animals. Veterinariia 40 no.9:67-69 S 63. (MIRA 17:1)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrol'nyy institut veterinarnykh prepa-  
ratev.

LEVINA, I.G., nauchnyy sotrudnik

Vibrio enterohepatitis of chicks. Veterinaria 41 no.3:20-22 Mr '64.  
(MTRA 18.1)

I. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-kontrol'nyy institut veterinarnykh pre-  
paratov Ministerstva sel'skogo khozyaystva SSSR.